

T.: +371 67800833; F.: +371 67800831; E.: office@wmt.lv  
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Version 5.0

Revision Date

17.09.2012

Print Date

18.09.2012

**SAFETY DATA SHEET**

according to Regulation (EU) No. 1907/2006

**1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING****Product information**

Trade name : **MD-22 Part B**  
Chemical Name Hexamethylene-1,6-diisocyanate homopolymer  
(REACH Registration):  
REACH Registration Number: 01-2119488934-20-0000

**Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**

Use: Hardener for coating materials or adhesives for industrial and trade applications  
Identified uses according to Regulation (EU) No. 1907/2006:  
- Manufacture of substance  
- Formulation  
- Industrial end use  
- Professional end use

Uses advised against: Not suitable for use in homemaker (DIY) applications.

Company: SIA «WMT Baltic»  
166b A. Deglava str., Riga, LV-1021  
VAT Reg. Nr. LV40003400148  
Tel.: 67 800 830, 67 800 833  
Fax: 67 800 831, 67 800 832  
Bank: AS «SWEDBANK»  
Nor. kots: LV15 HABA 0551 0073 03071  
S.W.I.F.T: HABALV22  
e-mail: office@wmt.lv  
http://www.wmt.lv

**2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION****Classification of the substance or mixture****Classification (1272/2008/CE):**

Acute toxicity, Inhalative, Category 4 (H332)  
Sensitization of the skin, Category 1 (H317)  
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure), category 3 (H335)

**Classification (2006/121/EC, 1999/45/EC):**

Harmful by inhalation.  
May cause sensitization by skin contact.  
Irritating to respiratory system.

**Label elements****Hazardous components which must be listed on the labels**

hexamethylene-1,6-diisocyanate homopolymer  
Identification no 28182-81-2

**Labelling(1272/2008/CE)**

Warning

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### Hazard statements:

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

### Precautionary statements:

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P333+P313 if skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

### Labelling(2006/121/EC):

Labelling according to Directive 2006/121:

Xn Harmful

hexamethylene-1,6-diisocyanate homopolymer

#### R-phrases(s)

R20 Harmful by inhalation.

R37 Irritating to respiratory system.

R43 May cause sensitization by skin contact.

#### S-phrases(s)

S24 Avoid contact with skin.

S37 Wear suitable gloves.

## 3.COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

### Type of product: Substance

hexamethylene-1,6-diisocyanate Homopolymer

### Hazardous components

hexamethylene-1,6-diisocyanate homopolymer

Concentration[wt.-%] : ca. 100

REACH Registration Number : 01-2119488934-20-0000

CAS-No : 28182-81-2

Classification(1272/2008/CE): Acute Tox. 4 Inhalative H332 Skin Sens. 1 H317 STOT SE 3 H335

Classification (67/548/EEC): Xn R20 Xi R37 Xi R43

Classification/labelling according to Directive 2006/121

### This contains:

Hexamethylene-1,6-diisocyanate

Concentration[wt.-%]: ca. 0,3

REACH Registration Number: 01-2119457571-37-0000

CAS-No : 822-06-0

EINECS-No : 212-485-8

Index-No 615-011-00-1

Classification(1272/2008/CE) Acute Tox. 4 Oral H302 Acute Tox. 1 Inhalative H330 Skin Irrit.

2 H315 Eye Irrit. 2 H319 Sens. Resp. 1 H334 Skin Sens. 1 H317 STOT SE 3 H335

Specific threshold concentration(GHS):

Sens. Resp. 1 H334 &gt;= 0,5%

Skin Sens. 1 H317 &gt;= 0,5%

Classification (67/548/EEC): T R23 Xi R36/37/38 R42/43

Specific threshold concentration

Xn R20, R42/43 0,5-&lt;2%

T R23, R42/43 2-&lt;20%

T R23, R36/37/38, R42/43 &gt;= 20%

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Exposure scenarios are not required for the impurities of the substance according to article 3(1) of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 mentioned above.

### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

#### Description of first aid measures

**General advice:** Take off all contaminated clothing immediately.

**If inhaled:** Take the person into the fresh air and keep him warm, let him rest; if there is difficulty in breathing, medical advice is required.

**In case of skin contact:** In case of skin contact wash affected areas thoroughly with soap and plenty of water. Consult a doctor in the event of a skin reaction.

**In case of eye contact:** Hold the eyes open and rinse with preferably lukewarm water for a sufficiently long period of time (at least 10 minutes). Contact an ophthalmologist.

**If swallowed:** DO NOT induce the patient to vomit, medical advice is required.

### 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

**Suitable extinguishing media:** Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), Foam, extinguishing powder, in cases of larger fires, water spray should be used.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media:** High volume water jet

#### Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:

Burning releases carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, oxides of nitrogen, isocyanate vapors and traces of hydrogen cyanide. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

#### Advice for fire-fighters:

During fire-fighting respirator with independent air-supply and airtight garment is required. Do not allow contaminated extinguishing water to enter the soil, ground-water or surface waters.

### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:** Put on protective equipment (see section 8). Keep away from sources of ignition. Ensure adequate ventilation/exhaust extraction. Keep unauthorized persons away.

**Environment related measures:** Do not allow to escape into waterways, wastewater or soil.

**Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:** Take up with absorbent for chemicals or, if necessary with dry sand and store in closed containers.

**Reference to other sections:** For further disposal measures see section 13.

### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### Precautions for safe handling:

Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms. Exhaust ventilation necessary if product is sprayed.

The threshold limit values noted in Chapter 8 must be monitored. In all areas where isocyanate aerosols and/or vapor concentrations are produced in elevated concentrations, exhaust ventilation must be provided in such a way that the workplace exposure limits (WEL) is not exceeded. The air should be drawn away from the personnel handling the product

The personal protective measures described in Chapter 8 must be observed. The precautions required in the handling of isocyanates must be taken. Avoid contact with skin and eyes and the inhalation of vapor.

Keep away from foodstuffs, drinks and tobacco. Wash hands before breaks and at end of work and use skin-protecting ointment. Keep working clothes separately. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately.

#### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

Keep container dry and tightly closed in a cool and well ventilated place. Further information on the storage conditions which must be observed to preserve quality can be found in our product information sheet.

VCI storage class (VCI = German Association of the Chemical Industry): 10

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### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Substance	CAS-No.	Basis	Type	Value	Ceiling Limit Value	Remarks
Hexamethylene-1,6-diisocyanate	822-06-0	TRGS 900	TLV	0,005ppm 0,035 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	2	
Hexamethylene-1,6-diisocyanate	822-06-0	TRGS 900	STEL FAC		1	Substance listed with both Peak factor is supplied with the AGW values
Hexamethylene-1,6-diisocyanate	822-06-0	TRGS 900	STEL CL			Category I: substances for which the localized effect has an assigned OEL respiratory passages

Exposition assessment value (EBW) per TGRS 430: Polyisocyanate content (HDI oligomers and/or prepolymers) 100 %. Use an exposition assessment value of 0,35 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

#### Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) or Derived Minimal Effect Level (DMEL):

hexamethylene-1,6-diisocyanate homopolymer

Worker (short-term):

DNEL Dermal - local effects: x

No quantitative risk assessment possible. Most sensitive endpoint: Sensitisation (skin)

DNEL Inhalation - local effects: 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> air

Most sensitive endpoint: Irritation (respiratory tract)

Worker (long-term):

DNEL Dermal - local effects:

No quantitative risk assessment possible. Most sensitive endpoint: Sensitisation (skin)

DNEL Inhalation - local effects: 0,5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> air

Most sensitive endpoint: Irritation (respiratory tract)

#### Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC):

hexamethylene-1,6-diisocyanate homopolymer

Freshwater: 0,199 mg/l

Marine water: 0,0199 mg/l

Fresh water sediment: 44551 mg/kg dry weight

Marine sediment: 4455 mg/kg dry weight

Soil: 8884 mg/kg dry weight

STP (sewage-treatment plant): 100 mg/l

Oral:

Not relevant

#### Exposure controls

##### Respiratory protection:

Respiratory protection required in insufficiently ventilated working areas and during spraying.

Recommendations regarding respiratory protection can be found in the individual exposure scenarios in the appendix.

In case of hypersensitivity of the respiratory tract and skin (e.g. asthmatics and those who suffer from chronic bronchitis and chronic skin complaint) it is inadvisable to work with the product.

##### Hand protection:

Suitable materials for safety gloves; EN 374:

Butyl rubber - IIR: thickness  $\geq 0,5$ mm; breakthrough time  $\geq 480$ min.

Fluorinated rubber - FKM: thickness  $\geq 0,4$ mm; breakthrough time  $\geq 480$ min.

Laminate glove - PE/EVAL/PE; breakthrough time  $\geq 480$  min.

Recommendation: contaminated gloves should be disposed of.

##### Eye protection:

Wear eye/face protection.

##### Skin and body protection:

Wear suitable protective clothing.

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### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance:	liquid	
Colour:	colourless	
Odour:	slight inherent odour	
Odour Threshold:	not established	
pH:	not applicable	
Melting point/range:	not measurable	
Boiling point/boiling range:	not established	
Flash point:	ca. 193 °C at 1.013 hPa	DIN EN 22719
Evaporation rate:	not established	
Flammability (solid, gas):	not applicable	
Burning number:	not applicable	
Vapour pressure:	< 0,00001 hPa at 20 °C	EG A4
Vapour pressure of ingredients:		
Hexamethylene-1,6-diisocyanate	ca. 0,007 hPa at 20 °C	
Vapour density:	not established	
Density:	ca. 1,15 g/cm <sup>3</sup> at 20 °C	DIN 51757
Miscibility with water:	immiscible at 15 °C	
Surface tension:	ca. 46,5 mN/m at 20 °C	
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water):	log Pow: ca. 8,38 (value calculated)	
Autoignition temperature:	not applicable	
Ignition temperature:	ca. 440 °C	DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature:	ca. 150 °C	
Viscosity, dynamic:	ca. 958 mPa.s at 20 °C	DIN 53019
Flow time:	ca. 96 s at 20 °C at 6 mm nozzle	ISO 2431
Explosive properties:	Not explosive	
Dust explosion class:	not applicable	
Oxidising properties:	not established	
Other information:	The indicated values do not necessarily correspond to the product specification. Please refer to the technical information sheet for specification data.	

### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**Possibility of hazardous reactions:** Exothermic reaction with amines and alcohols; reacts slowly with water forming CO<sub>2</sub>, in closed containers risk of bursting owing to increase of pressure.

**Hazardous decomposition products:** No hazardous decomposition products when stored and handled correctly.

### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### Information on toxicological effects

##### Acute toxicity, oral:

hexamethylene-1,6-diisocyanate homopolymer

LD50 rat, female: ≥ 5.000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 423

##### Acute toxicity, dermal:

hexamethylene-1,6-diisocyanate homopolymer

LD50 rat, male/female: > 2.000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Studies of a comparable product.

LD50 rabbit, male/female: > 2.000 mg/kg

Studies of a comparable product.

##### Acute toxicity, inhalation:

hexamethylene-1,6-diisocyanate homopolymer

LC50 rat, female: 0,390 mg/l, 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

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Toxicological studies of a comparable product.

The substance was tested in a form (i.e. specific particle size distribution) that is different from the forms in which the substance is placed on the market and in which it can reasonably be expected to be used. Based on the "split-entry" concept and available data on particle size during end-use of the substance a modified classification for acute inhalation toxicity is justified.

Converted acute toxicity point estimate 1,5 mg/l

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: Expert judgement

Assessment: Harmful if inhaled.

### Primary skin irritation:

hexamethylene-1,6-diisocyanate homopolymer

Species: rabbit

Result: slight irritant

Classification: No skin irritation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 404

### Primary mucosae irritation:

hexamethylene-1,6-diisocyanate homopolymer

Species: rabbit

Result: slight irritant

Classification: No eye irritation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

### Sensitisation:

hexamethylene-1,6-diisocyanate homopolymer

Skin sensitization (local lymph node assay (LLNA)):

Species: mouse

Result: positive

Classification: May cause sensitization by skin contact.

Method: OECD Test Guideline 429

Respiratory sensitization

Classification: No classification according to EC Directives 2006/121/EC or 1999/45/EC as respiratory sensitizer.

No pulmonary sensitisation observed in animal tests.

No pulmonary sensitisation potential was observed in guinea pigs after either intradermal or inhalative induction with polyisocyanate based on isophorone diisocyanate.

### Subacute, subchronic and prolonged toxicity:

hexamethylene-1,6-diisocyanate homopolymer

NOAEL: 3,3 mg/m<sup>3</sup> air

Application Route: Inhalative

Species: rat, male/female

Dose Levels: 0 - 0,5 - 3,3 - 26,4 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Exposure duration: 90 d

Frequency of treatment: 6 hours a day, 5 days a week

Test substance: as aerosol

Method: OECD Test Guideline 413

Toxicological studies of a comparable product.

Evidence of damage to organs other than the organs of respiration was not found.

### Carcinogenicity:

hexamethylene-1,6-diisocyanate homopolymer

No data available.

### Reproductive toxicity/Fertility:

hexamethylene-1,6-diisocyanate homopolymer

Available data show no indications for reproductive toxicity.

### Reproductive toxicity/Teratogenicity:

hexamethylene-1,6-diisocyanate homopolymer

Animal experiments on structurally similar compounds showed no indication of specific reproductive toxicity.

### Genotoxicity in vitro:

hexamethylene-1,6-diisocyanate homopolymer



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Test type: Salmonella/microsome test (Ames test)  
Metabolic activation: with/without  
Result: No indication of mutagenic effects.  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471  
Test type: Point mutation in mammalian cells (HPRT test)  
Metabolic activation: with/without  
Result: negative  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 476  
Toxicological studies of a comparable product.  
Test type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro  
Test system: Chinese hamster V79 cell line  
Metabolic activation: with/without  
Result: negative  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 473  
Toxicological studies of a comparable product.

**STOT evaluation – one-time exposure:**

hexamethylene-1,6-diisocyanate homopolymer

Route of exposure: Inhalative

May cause respiratory irritation.

**STOT evaluation – repeated exposure:**

hexamethylene-1,6-diisocyanate homopolymer

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Aspiration toxicity:**

hexamethylene-1,6-diisocyanate homopolymer

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**CMR Assessment:**

hexamethylene-1,6-diisocyanate homopolymer

Carcinogenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Mutagenicity: In vitro tests did not show mutagenic effects. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Teratogenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity/Fertility: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Toxicology Assessment:**

hexamethylene-1,6-diisocyanate homopolymer

Acute effects: Harmful if inhaled.

Sensitization: May cause sensitization by skin contact.

**Additional information:**

Special properties/effects: Over-exposure, especially when spraying coatings containing isocyanate without the necessary precautions, entails the risk of concentration-dependent irritating effects on eyes, nose throat, and respiratory tract. Delayed appearance of the complaints and development of hypersensitivity (difficult breathing, coughing, asthma) are possible. Hypersensitive persons may suffer from these effects even at low isocyanate concentrations, including concentrations below the UK Workplace Exposure Limit (WEL).

Prolonged contact with the skin may cause tanning and irritant effects.

Animal tests and other research indicate that skin contact with diisocyanates can play a role in causing isocyanate sensitization and respiratory reaction.

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Do not allow to escape into waterways, wastewater or soil.

**Toxicity****Acute Fish toxicity:**

hexamethylene-1,6-diisocyanate homopolymer

LC50 &gt; 100 mg/l

Species: Danio rerio (zebra fish)

Exposure duration: 96 h

Method: Directive 67/548/EEC.

Sample preparation on account of the reactivity of the substance with water:

Ultra turrax: 60 sec. 8000 rpm; 24h magnetic stirrer; Filtration.

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**Acute toxicity for daphnia:**

hexamethylene-1,6-diisocyanate homopolymer

EC50 &gt; 100 mg/l

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

Exposure duration: 48 h

Method: Directive 67/548/EEC.

Sample preparation on account of the reactivity of the substance with water:

Ultra turrax: 60 sec. 8000 rpm; 24h magnetic stirrer; Filtration.

**Acute toxicity for algae:**

hexamethylene-1,6-diisocyanate homopolymer

ErC50 199 mg/l

Test type: Growth inhibition

Species: scenedesmus subspicatus

Exposure duration: 72 h

Method: Directive 67/548/EEC.

Sample preparation on account of the reactivity of the substance with water:

Ultra turrax: 60 sec. 8000 rpm; 24h magnetic stirrer; Filtration.

**Acute bacterial toxicity:**

hexamethylene-1,6-diisocyanate homopolymer

EC50 &gt; 10.000 mg/l

Test type: Respiration inhibition

Species: activated sludge

Exposure duration: 3 h

Method: EG-RL 88/302/EEC

**Ecotoxicology Assessment:**

hexamethylene-1,6-diisocyanate homopolymer

Acute aquatic toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Chronic aquatic toxicity: There is no evidence of a chronic aquatic toxicity.

Impact on Sewage Treatment: Because of the low bacterial toxicity, there is no risk of an adverse effect on the performance of biological waste water treatment plants.

**Persistence and degradability****Biodegradability:**

hexamethylene-1,6-diisocyanate homopolymer

Test type: aerobic

Biodegradation: 2 %, 28 d, i.e. not readily degradable

Method: Directive 67/548/EEC.

Ecotoxicological studies of the product

Test type: aerobic

Biodegradation: 0 %, 28 Days, i.e. not inherently degradable

Method: OECD Test Guideline 302 C

Ecotoxicological studies of the product

**Stability in water:**

hexamethylene-1,6-diisocyanate homopolymer

Test type: Hydrolysis

Half life: 7,7 h at 23 °C

Method: OECD Test Guideline 111

The substance hydrolyzes rapidly in water.

Studies of a comparable product.

**Photodegradation:**

hexamethylene-1,6-diisocyanate homopolymer

Test type: Phototransformation in air

Temperature: 25 °C

sensitizer: OH-radicals

Half-life indirect photolysis: 11,7 h

Method: SRC - AOP (calculation)

After evaporation or exposure to the air, the product will be rapidly degraded by photochemical processes.

Test type: Phototransformation in air



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Temperature: 25 °C

sensitizer: OH-radicals

Half-life indirect photolysis: 3,1 h

Method: SRC - AOP (calculation)

After evaporation or exposure to the air, the product will be rapidly degraded by photochemical processes.

Studies of hydrolysis products.

**Volatility (Henry's Law constant):**

hexamethylene-1,6-diisocyanate homopolymer

Calculated value = &lt; 0,000001 Pa\*m3/mol at 25 °C

Method: Bond-method

The substance has to be scored as non-volatile from water.

Calculated value = &lt; 0,000001 Pa\*m3/mol at 25 °C

Method: Bond-method

The substance has to be scored as non-volatile from water.

Studies of hydrolysis products.

**Bioaccumulative potential****Bioaccumulation:**

hexamethylene-1,6-diisocyanate homopolymer

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 706,2

Method: (calculated)

The substance hydrolyzes rapidly in water.

An accumulation in aquatic organisms is not to be expected.

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 10,11

Method: (calculated)

An accumulation in aquatic organisms is not to be expected.

Studies of hydrolysis products.

**Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water):**

log Pow: ca. 8,38(value calculated)

**Mobility in soil****Distribution among environmental compartments:**

hexamethylene-1,6-diisocyanate homopolymer

Adsorption/Soil

not applicable

**Surface tension: ca. 46,5 mN/m at 20 °C**

Environmental distribution:

hexamethylene-1,6-diisocyanate homopolymer

not applicable

**Results of PBT and vPvB assessment**

hexamethylene-1,6-diisocyanate homopolymer

This substance does not meet the criteria for classification as PBT or vPvB.

**Additional information on ecotoxicology:**

Isocyanate reacts with water at the interface forming CO<sub>2</sub> and a solid insoluble product with high melting point (polyurea). This reaction is accelerated by surfactants (e.g. detergents) or by watersoluble solvents. Previous experience shows that polyurea is inert and non-degradable.

### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Dispose in accordance with applicable international, national and local laws, ordinances and statutes. For disposal within the EC, the appropriate code according to the European Waste Catalogue (EWC) should be used.

**Waste treatment methods**

After final product withdrawal, all residues must be removed from containers (drip-free, powderfree or paste-free). Once the product residues adhering to the walls of the containers have been rendered harmless, the product and hazard labels must be invalidated. These containers can be returned for recycling to the appropriate centres set up within the framework of the existing takeback scheme of the chemical industry. Containers must be recycled in compliance with national legislation and environmental regulations. None disposal into waste water.

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### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

**ADR/RID** Not dangerous goods**ADN** Not dangerous goods

This classification data does not apply to transportation by tanker. If required, additional information can be requested from the manufacturer.

**IATA** Not dangerous goods**IMDG** Not dangerous goods

Special precautions for user: Not dangerous cargo.

Slight smell. Keep dry.

Avoid heat above +50 °C.

Keep away from foodstuffs, acids and alkalis.

### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

**Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture****TA Luft List (Germany):**

Type: Organic Substances

portion Class 1: 0,3 %

Fraction of other substances: &gt; 99 %

**Water contaminating class (Germany):** 1 slightly water endangering

(in accordance with Directive on Water-Hazardous Substances)

Any existing national regulations on the handling of isocyanates must be observed

**Other regulations:** The European Committee of Paint, Printing Ink and Artists' Colours Manufacturers' Associations (CEPE) provides the following information on coatings containing isocyanates: Ready-to-use paints containing isocyanates may have an irritant effect on mucous membranes - especially on breathing organs - and cause hypersensitivity reactions. Inhalation of vapor or spray mist may cause sensitisation. When handling paints containing isocyanates all precautions required for solvent-containing paints must be followed. Vapor and spray mist in particular should not be inhaled. Allergics and asthmatics as well as people prone to respiratory ailments should not work with isocyanate containing paints.

**A Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for:**

hexamethylene-1,6-diisocyanate homopolymer.

### 16. OTHER INFORMATION

**Full text of hazardous (H) warnings referred to under sections 2 and 3 of the CLP classification(1272/2008/CE).**

H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.

**Full text of R-phrases referred to under sections 2 and 3 of the EU classification (67/548/EEC,1999/45/EC).**

R20	Harmful by inhalation.
R23	Toxic by inhalation.
R36/37/38	Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin.
R37	Irritating to respiratory system.
R42/43	May cause sensitization by inhalation and skin contact.
R43	May cause sensitization by skin contact.



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Version 5.0

Revision Date

17.09.2012

Print Date

18.09.2012

**SAFETY DATA SHEET**

according to Regulation (EU) No. 1907/2006

The product is used mainly as a hardener in coating materials or adhesives. The handling of coating materials or adhesives containing reactive polyisocyanates and residual monomeric HDI requires appropriate protective measures referred to in this safety data sheet. These products may therefore be used only in industrial or trade applications. They are not suitable for use in homemaker DIY applications.

Changes since the last version are highlighted in the margin. This version replaces all previous versions.

**Further information**

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.